

# School Policy 14a – Formative Assessment

The Governors' Committee responsible for this is the Curriculum, Teaching and Learning Committee. The person in the school who prepares the text of this policy for the Headteacher and Governors is the Assistant Headteacher responsible for *Developing Learning*. It should be read in conjunction with the broader policy on *Assessment, Recording and Reporting*.

## **Introduction: Formative Assessment**

Regular formative assessment, followed by effective pupil response, is the only way that we can ensure pupils make progress over time. Pupils need time to review and evaluate their knowledge, understanding and skills; more importantly, they need time to respond and improve their work.

#### **Rationale**

In setting up this policy the school is seeking to establish a consistency of practice across different subjects and different courses and year groups, as well as a common language of assessment and feedback, which pupils and students can also understand.

# Responsibilities

- The Governors determine this policy on the advice of the school. They also review its effectiveness through their Curriculum, Teaching and Learning Committee.
- The Headteacher sets out the vision for how this policy fits into the wider purpose of the school in developing its curriculum, teaching and learning.
- The Deputy Headteacher has a particular concern for the role which good formative assessment plays in the progress of pupils and students and in the development of strong academic leadership amongst both staff and pupils.
- The Assistant Headteacher (Developing Learning) is responsible for formulating and communicating this policy to staff, students, pupils and parents and for ensuring it is well used and followed.
- Heads of Department work out how the policy applies in their subject areas and play a leading role in monitoring its effectiveness, both in their area and the school as a whole.
- Subject teachers are those who have the most critical role in using and developing formative
  assessment within their teaching and as probably the most significant way in which they can
  support the learning of pupils and students.
- Heads of Year and Form Tutors can draw on both the processes and the outcomes of formative assessment in their pastoral work with those in their care.
- Formative assessment relies on pupils and students understanding and responding to the feedback which they are given.
- Parents & Carers are informed by seeing this assessment in exercise books and folders.

# **Principles**

The Marking Spectrum shows how teachers can vary their assessment depending on the
work set. If teachers factor their assessment opportunities into their schemes of work, they
can reduce their workload and also ensure that the assessment that takes place is directly
contributing to the Progress over Time of their students.

The Marking Spectrum							
Туре	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Teacher	Mark	Comment	Context	Dialogue	Advice	Reflection	Action
	Gives	Writes a	Places	Holds a	Give advice	Enables the	Provides
	the	comment	this work	conversation	about what	pupil/student	opportunity
	piece	related to	in the	with the	to improve	to assess own	for
	of	assessment	context	pupil/student	and how to	work or that	pupil/student
	work a	criteria	of other	about what	do it	of another	to redo work
	mark		pieces of	was good and		pupil/student	or do another
			work to	what needs to		and develop	similar piece
			show	be developed		understanding	of work to a
			progress			of marking	higher
			over			criteria	standard
			time				
Pupil or Student	Receives feedback			Engages with feedback		Responds to feedback	

- 2. **Directed Improvement Time** An ongoing dialogue between the teacher and pupil is vital for formative assessment to be effective. The way we ensure this dialogue takes place is through Directed Improvement Time. Directed Improvement Time is 15 minutes that pupils spend every fortnight, reviewing work completed and responding to the formative assessment.
- 3. **Exercise Books -** Departments are expected to use exercise books, where practical, throughout Key Stages 3 and 4. The exercise book is a record of learning that allows pupils to review and evaluate their own progress. Teachers need to encourage pupils to look after their books and within departments there should be standard way of presenting work. Exercise books are available for parents to review at parents' evening and should be the basis of any discussion about learning with pupils or parents.
- 4. **Assessing class work** It is expected that books are taken in and reviewed by teachers every 3 to 6 lessons. Teachers are encouraged to use the full spectrum of marking styles, but it is important formative assessment is regularly used so that pupils can evaluate and respond.

5. **Marking Classwork and Homework -** When marking books, teachers will be expected to use the following codes. These enable us to monitor the effort and quality of work produced through the term and inform the marks entered on their Progress Checks and reports.

E – Effort	C – Quality of classwork	H – Quality of homework	
E1 – Consistently good effort	C1 – Consistently produces good	H1 – Consistently produces good	
E2 – Often shows good effort	quality classwork	quality homework	
E3 – Sometimes shows good effort	C2 – Often produces good	H2 – Often produces good	
E4 – Rarely shows good effort	standard of classwork	standard of homework	
	C3 – Sometimes produces good	H3 – Sometimes produces good	
	standard of classwork	standard of homework	
	C4 – Rarely produces good	H4 – Rarely produces good	
	standard of classwork	standard of homework	

6. **Spelling, Grammar and Punctuation** - Each time a teacher marks a pupil's work they should highlight one particular area of a pupil's/class's spelling, grammar and punctuation to focus on such as: apostrophes, spelling of key words, etc...

Teachers use the standardised key below:

# **SPG Marking Symbols**

- **Sp:** Shows a **spelling error.** The word might be <u>underlined</u> or written out correctly in the margin. **You should write the correct spelling on your word wall in your book.**
- o **P**: Shows incorrect or missing **punctuation**.
- Np //: Shows where to begin a new paragraph.
- Λ: Shows a word is missing here.

## 7. Performance level/Grade work and Progress Checks

# • Formally Assessed Work: Years 8 - 9

In Years 8-9, formally assessed work must be given a grade or a level. When a Key Stage 3 level is given, it must include a sublevel which will be identified as: a/b/c.

a = close to next level b = comfortably in that level c = close to the level below The grade/level work that is produced every half term is used to inform the Current Performance Level/Grade on the current Progress Check. Pupils are told in advance by the subject teacher which piece of work will be used to inform their next Progress Check. The Head of Department makes sure that details of this assessment are forwarded to the Reports Administrator so the parents are also aware of the task that has been used.

#### Curriculum 2015: Year 7

In the end of the Autumn term Progress Check, teachers will review pupils' progress in the **Transition Standard**. Their progress through the Transition Standard will be reported as:

- Excelling (at the Transition Standard)
- Consistently achieving (the Transition Standard)
- Sometimes achieving (the Transition Standard)
- Working towards (the Transition Standard)

In the Progress Check at the end of the Spring term, and the Full Report at the end of the Summer term, teachers will review the pupils' progress in **Standard 1**. Pupils' progress in the standard will be reported as:

- Accelerated (beyond Standard 1)
- Excelling (at the Standard 1)
- Consistently achieving (Standard 1)
- Sometimes achieving (Standard 1)
- Working towards (Standard 1)
- Accessing (the essentials of Standard 1)

# **Review, Monitoring and Evaluation**

- o **In the department** Heads of Department set aside one period per week to review books, focusing on the quality of work produced, the quality of formative assessment and the quality of the responses from pupils to this assessment. At regular meetings with their senior leader, they bring a selection of books from a specific class or year.
- In the school Every half term, specific years will be part of a work scrutiny carried out by Senior Leaders and Heads of Department. This review will use a traffic light system and departments or teachers who have received a red/cause for concern will need to address the concerns the review has highlighted.
- Governors are also invited to take part in whole school work scrutiny occasionally.